Juniper Networks Certified Internet Professional SP (JNCIP-SP)

Juniper JN0-660

Version Demo

Total Demo Questions: 15

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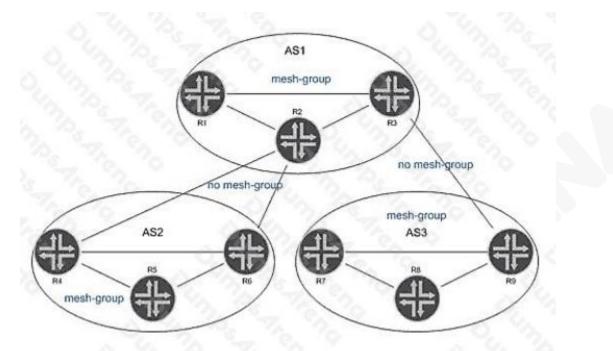
Topic Break Down

Торіс	No. of Questions
Topic 1, Volume A	69
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QUESTION NO: 1

Click the Exhibit button.



In the exhibit, all routers within each AS are configured for Anycast RP. All intra-AS routers are configured within the same MSDP mesh group. Inter-AS multicast has been enabled using MSDP without MSDP mesh groups. Which statement is true?

- A. R6 and R7 should have an MSDP peering, because multiple MSDP AS hops are not allowed.
- B. SA messages received from R2 are not forwarded to R5, R7, and R8.
- C. SA messages from R5 are not forwarded to AS1.
- **D.** Duplicate SA messages may be received in AS2.

ANSWER: D

QUESTION NO: 2

Refer to the exhibit.

user@R1> show isis interface detail IS-IS interface database: ge-0/0/4.0 Index: , State: 0x6, Circuit id: 0x1, Circuit type: 2 LSP interval: 100 ms, CSNP interval: 10 s Adjacency advertisement: Advertise Level Adjacencies Priority Metric Hello (s) Hold (s) Designated Router 64 9.000 27 R2.02 (not us) 2 3 10 user@R2> show isis interface detail IS-IS interface database: ge-0/0/2.0 Index: , State: 0x6, Circuit id: 0x2, Circuit type: 2 LSP interval: 100 ms, CSNP interval: 10 s Adjacency advertisement: Advertise Level Adjacencies Priority Metric Hello (s) Hold (s) Designated Router 9 R2.02 (u 2 64 3 10 3.000user@R3> show isis interface detail IS-IS interface database: ge-0/0/2.0 Index: , State: 0x6, Circuit id: 0x1, Circuit type: LSP interval: 100 ms, CSNP interval: 10 s Adjacency advertisement: Advertise Level Adjacencies Priority Metric Hello (s) Hold (s) Designated Router 10 3.000 3 64 9 R2.02 (not us) Referring to the exhibit, what are two reasons why R2 and R4 show a different hello interval than R1 and R3? (Choose two.) A. R4 is the DIS. **B.** R2 is the DIS.

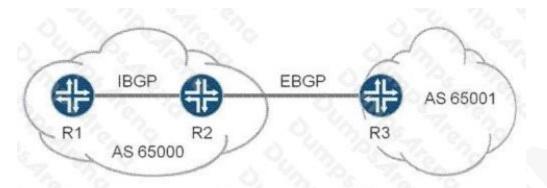
C. R4 has explicit configuration to set the hello interval to 3 seconds.

D. R2 has explicit configuration to set the hello interval to 3 seconds.

ANSWER: B C

QUESTION NO: 3

Click the Exhibit button.



The exhibit contains a BGP topology. R1 and R2 are peering using IBGP. R2 and R3 are peering with EBGP. R1 is not installing any routes from R3 due to next-hop resolution issues. Which two configurations will resolve this issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Use a policy to advertise the loopback on R2 into the IGP.
- B. Advertise the R2-R3 subnet into the IGP.
- C. Configure advertise-inactive on the IBGP peering session on R2.
- D. Configure next-hop self on the IBGP peering session on R2.

ANSWER: B D

QUESTION NO: 4

An OSPF network has been designed with multiple areas to improve scalability. Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

- A. Each router in the OSPF network runs the shortest-path-first algorithm to determine paths through the network.
- **B.** The Area Border Router for each area runs the shortest-path-first algorithm and floods its results through the area.
- C. Each area must have at least one link connecting it to each of the other areas of the OSPF network.
- D. OSPF provides loop-free routing within an OSPF routing domain, but does not guarantee symmetrical routing.

ANSWER: A D

QUESTION NO: 5

In an interdomain multicast deployment scenario, RP1 is in AS1 and RP2 is in AS2. MSDP is configured between RP1 and RP2 A source in AS1 and a receiver in AS2 have just become active. What initially triggers RP1 to send source-active messages (SAs) to RP2?

- A. A join-to-RP message is sent from RP2 to RP1.
- B. A join-to-source message is sent from RP2 to RP1
- C. A register message is received on RP1.
- **D.** A register message is received on RP2.

ANSWER: C

QUESTION NO: 6

An LDP Layer 2 circuit is configured for VPN A and VPN

- B. Which three statements are true regarding LDP Layer 2 circuit signaling? (Choose three.)
- A. PE-P LDP sessions use Martini encapsulation.
- B. Which three statements are true regarding LDP Layer 2 circuit signaling? (Choose three.)
- PE-PE LDP sessions can be extended or adjacent.
- **C.** VRF tables are needed on the PEs.
- D. TCC encapsulation is needed to interconnect different interface types.
- E. The VC type field in the LDP header specifies the encapsulation type.

ANSWER: B D E

QUESTION NO: 7

Which authentication method secures IS-IS hello, link-state, and sequence number PDUs?

- A. Level authentication
- B. Interface authentication
- C. Area authentication
- D. Domain authentication

ANSWER: A

QUESTION NO: 8

Click the Exhibit button.

```
user@router# show routing-options multicast
scope 1 {
    prefix 224.0.1.39/32;
    interface fe=0/0/0.0;
}
```

Referring to the exhibit, which statement is correct?

- A. Only multicasts packets (224.0.1.39) are allowed on the input and output direction.
- B. Auto-RP discovery messages are filtered in the input and output direction.
- C. Rendezvous point announcements are filtered in the output direction.
- D. This filter does not work because the input or output parameter is missing.

ANSWER: C

QUESTION NO: 9

What are three reasons an OSPF neighbor ship would be stuck in ExStart? (Choose three.)

- A. The LSA database exchange is not yet completed.
- B. There is an MTU mismatch between the OSPF routers.
- C. There is an interface-type mismatch between the OSPF routers.
- D. There is a unicast communication problem between the OSPF routers.
- E. Both OSPF routers are using the same router ID.

ANSWER: B D E

QUESTION NO: 10

Which two configuration parameters are required to configure a BGP-signaled VPLS service? (Choose two.)

- A. vpls-id
- B. site-identifier
- C. route-distinguisher
- D. site-address

ANSWER: B C

QUESTION NO: 11

Click the Exhibit button.

```
192.168.56.1
 From: 192.168.56.5, LSPstate: Up, ActiveRoute: 0
 LSPname: to-r6, LSPpath: Primary
 LSPtype: Static Configured
  Suggested label received: -, Suggested label sent:
 Recovery label received: -, Recovery label sent: 3
 Resv style: 1 FF, Label in: -, Label out: 3
               -, Since: Tue Feb 22 21:38:36 2011
 Time left:
  Tspec: rate Obps size Obps peak Infbps m 20 M 1500
 Port number: sender 1 receiver 18916 protocol 0
  FastReroute desired
  PATH rcvfrom: localclient
 Adspec: sent MTU 1500
 Path MTU: received 1500
 PATH sentto: 10.10.56.1 (ge-1/0/1.0) 7 pkts
 RESV rcvfrom: 10.10.56.1 (ge-1/0/1.0) 5 pkts
  Explct route: 10.10.56.1
 Record route: <self> 10.10.56.1
    Detour is Up
    Detour Tspec: rate Obps size Obps peak Infbps m 20 M 1500
    Detour adspec: sent MTU 1500
    Path MTU: received 1500
    Detour PATH sentto: 10.10.10.9 (ge-1/0/2.0) 4 pkts
    Detour RESV rcvfrom: 10.10.10.9 (ge-1/0/2.0) 3 pkts
   Detour Explct route: 10.10.10.9 10.10.10.6
    Detour Record route: <self> 10.10.10.9 10.10.10.6
    Detour Label out: 299856
```

Referring to the exhibit, which type of traffic protection mechanism is used for the LSP?

- A. link-protection
- B. fast-reroute
- C. node-link-protection
- **D.** bypass

ANSWER: B

QUESTION NO: 12



Refer to the exhibit.

DUMPS^QARENA

user@router# show class-of-service { scheduler-maps { core { forwarding-class best-effort scheduler be; forwarding-class network-control scheduler nc; forwarding-class expedited-forwarding scheduler ef;

forwarding-class assured-forwarding scheduler af;

schedulers {

be {

transmit-rate percent 30; buffer-size percent 30; priority low;

transmit-rate percent 3; buffer-size percent 3; priority high;

é ef {

```
transmit-rate {
percent 24;
exact;
```

}

buffer-size percent 24; priority high;

af {

}

transmit-rate percent 25; buffer-size percent 25; priority strict-high;

The core scheduler-map is assigned to fe-0/I/0.

The following traffic is queued for transmission from fe-0/1/3:

- □ 40 Mbps of best-effort traffic
- □ 2 Mbps of network-control traffic
- □ 41 Mbps of expedited-forwarding traffic
- □ 30 Mbps of assured-forwarding traffic

Which queue uses the highest amount of interface bandwidth?

- A. The best-effort queue
- B. The expedited-forwarding queue
- C. The network-control queue
- D. The assured-forwarding queue

ANSWER: A

QUESTION NO: 13

What is a limitation of LDP?

- A. Traffic must follow explicitly configured paths.
- B. It requires a full mesh of LSPs throughout the network.
- C. It requires a traffic engineering database (TED).
- **D.** It does not support traffic engineering.

ANSWER: D

QUESTION NO: 14

Given the following regular expression:

.* 14203+(21870110458)

Which two AS paths match? (Choose two.)

- A. 27522 2187010458
- **B.** 27522 14203 14203 14203 21870
- C. 14203 21780 10458
- **D.** 14203 21780 27522

ANSWER: B C

QUESTION NO: 15

You are asked to design a Layer 2 VPN service between service provider networks that needs Ethernet transport capabilities. The VPN should support two or three endpoints. Which Layer 2 VPN technology should you propose?

A. LDP-signaled VPLS

- B. BGP-signaled VPLS, using the RFC 4448 Layer 2 frame format
- C. LDP Layer 2 circuit, using the RFC 4448 Layer 2 frame format
- D. BGP Layer 2 VPN

ANSWER: B